THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 31, 1879.

Sherman has given Rainey, Smalls, Sam Lee, Swails, Agues Jenks, and other Republicans whose fame excels their good repute, positions in the Treasury department. Would not the country have a most promising batch of Federal officers if he should become President?

The Abbeville Medium, and one or two other papers of the State, condemn the appointment of Mr. E. L. Roche, of Charleston, as Phosphate Agent to succeed General Anderson, and place their opposition to him upon the ground the he favored exclusive grants of territor and because he lives in Charleston.

How many other considerations are to enter into the election of a Chief Justice? The bond question has been held up as a formidable factor, the up-country and low-country wrangle has been hint ed at, and now the Beaufort Crescent proposes to mak? the appointment of Mr. Roche one of the subjects, and declares war to the hilt against the Governor, because it says he has arrayed himself against the anti-monopolists. Did it ever occur to the papers which are looking for all these outside matters of coinion from which to make a Chief Justice, that the Legislature might decide to pass them over, and without attempting to regulate them simply enthe whole question by elect...g some person because he is a "clever and capable gentleman" and a good lawyer. Stranger things have happened.

Whatever other charges may be raked up against Secretary Sherman in the coming Presidential canvass, one redeeming quality at least must be conceded, which is that he is always grateful to his friends. As a convincing proof of this, a correspondent of the Washington Post, writing over the signature of "A Republican," says that Agnes Jenks, the champion Radical female witness who beguiled the monotony of the Potter Committee with many ingenious falsehoods, now "holds a sinecure position in the Treasury department building which pays \$1,800 a year, and that she can be seen flaunting up and down the corridors of the Treasury demembered she was one of Mr. Sherman's helping to have the vote of that State counted for Hayes. It is kind of him to remunerate her so handsomely now-but. then, what does the country think about it?,

The Medium thus criticises Governor Simpson for appointing Mr. Roche Phosphate Agent:

Governor Simpson should be mor careful in his appointments. He can argue a case in court, and he can make a good speech on the stump, and he can run the State government with far less newspaper pulling than his illustrious prede-cessor, but he can't make appointments. If he would only free himself from the unwise counsels of those who have crowded around him and do what the people tell him, he would make a much better Governor and do more to merit the gratitude of his countrymen.

Governor Simpson has no doubt been very remiss. The sooner he corrects his oversight and secures the wise and prudent advice of the Medium, and acts upon the beginning, but if he goes on much longer appointing "clever and capable gentlemen" to office, without the consent of the Medium, he will ruth himseif.

The Kentucky jury which tried Buford for the murder of Judge Elliott concluded its labors last week by bringing in a verdict of guilty of murder, and fixing the punishment at imprisonment for life. The circumstances of this case were as heinous as can be imagined, for it will be remembered that Buford dethe State because he rendered a judgment against him. In consequence of this, the verdict of the jury in not imposing the death penalty is to be regretted, for it does not sufficiently punish the murderer for his crime, to make his case a strong warning to all other felons who may be tempted to wreak vengeance upon some conscientious Judge who may Buford will kill himself rather than undergo the punishment which is degramore exact in the justice of the penalty he will place upon himself than the jury which tried him has been.

The Missouri Republican has the following succinct and lucid explanation of the effects of the shrinkage in values, and of the increased purchasing powers of money: "The unindebted farmer is quite as rich now, with a farm valued at \$2,500, as he was ten or twelve years ago, when his farm was valued at \$5,000: but the debtor farmer who owned a farm valued at \$5,000, mortgaged for \$2,500, is to-day not worth a cent. Not that his farm has shrunk in real value till it cannot pay the debt, but that the debt has exranded in value till it absorbs the farm. The property has not lost half its worth, but money has been doubled in its purchasing power-and this is the whole secret of that strange phenomenon we call 'shinkage of values.'" This has its operation, of course, between debtor and creditor; but the point in which the country feels the burden most is in its operation with reference to the national debt. In this respect it has practically left the debt as large as before, and at

fluence have been ignored and men have been appointed like Collector Baldwin, of Charleston, and District A'torney Northrop, who have no political strength. Among those who have had interviews with the President is John R. Cochran, who was chained as the president of the cochran, who was chained as the cochran who was chairman of the legislative committee which investigated and exposed the carpet-bag thieves, and who urged ed the carpet-bag thieves, and who urged the President very strongly to do something for the party down there. He told Mr. Hayes that while there were eight white Republicans out of 124 delegates in the last Republican State Convention, it was doubtful whether there would be even one white Republican in the next convention. Cochran tells the administration people that if they want to have the party resuscitated they must to have the party resuscitated they must give place to such men as Melton and E. W. M. Mackey.

It is with some surprise that we find x-Senator Cochran seeking to revive the old Republican party in this State, for we had thought he knew too well that its corrupt carcass has been buried too deep for any resurrection. It is also surprising to see him name E. W. M. Mackey as a suitable and proper person to repre sent his views of a public officer. He is correct. Mackey is entirely the proper class of individuals to revive the old Re publican party. If this dispatch reports Mr. Cochran correctly, we may hereafter know exactly where to place him. If it does not properly represent him, no time should be lost in correcting it.

THE PHOSPHATE AGENT.

The appointment of Mr. E. L. Roche, of Charleston, as Phosphate Agent, to succeed the late Gen. R. II. Anderson, which was made by Governor Simpson a few weeks ago, has aroused the pungent criticisms of our esteemed contemporary, the Abbeville Medium, which says that "although Mr. Roche is a very clever and capable gentleman, his appointment will be generally regarded as singularly unfortunate," because he has been on the side of the phosphate monoplies; and our Abbeville friend thinks it can hardly be expected that he "can so entirely overcome his prejudices as to do equal and exact justice."

The first proposition of the Medium is calculated to induce a small amount of wonder, if true: that the appointment of "a clever and capable gentleman" to a position of trust will be regarded as 'singularly unfortunate." Our views of public office have always been that the appointment of "a clever and capable gentleman" should be and is considered fortunate, and is not the ground for an partment on any day." It will be re- unreasonable tirade against the appointing power. As to the extent of Mr. friends when he was in New Orleans Roche's monopoly, we believe it consists in having been one of the corporators of the Beaufort River Company, which proved a failure, and has surrendered its charter. But be this as it may, Mr. Roche is a gentleman above suspicion or reproach. He has been a successful and practical man in his own business, and has the information, honor and integrity necessary to properly and efficiently transact the duties of the office to which he has been appointed. We favored his appointment because he is an honorable and high-toned gentleman, who would not sacrifice his integrity of official conduct to gratify friends or to inconvenience enemies, and for our part we pre

> The Special Agent is by law charged with the following duties:

fer the services of such a man to those of

less capacity or integrity, whatever their relation to the phosphate question may

it, the better it will be for his success in life, and his reputation after death. The Gevernor ought to have known this from the leave and streams of this State containing phosphate rocks or phosphatic deposits, and the work of all persons the leave are the leave and streams of this state. Sec. 10. That the Governor be, and he is phatic deposits, and the work of all persons and bodies corporate mining or gathering therein such rocks or deposits under license or otherwise, and to protect the interests of the State therein, not only by preventing unlicensed persons to dig, mine or remove said rocks and deposits from any such streams and rivers, but also in securing prompt and accurate returns of the quantity dug, mined or removed, and the payment of all royalty thereon.

thereon.

Sec. 11. That for such services said special agent shall receive the salary of twelve hundred dollars, payable out of the phosphate royalties.

It will be seen from this that the pow ers of the Special Agent are consideraliberately murdered the Chief Justice of ble, and the position should be filled by a person who, in addition to the other qualifications enumerated above, should be thoroughly acquainted with the territory, and also with the work which is to be done. Mr. Roche also has this qualification. His appointment is, therefore, one which cannot be opposed, except on speculative grounds, like those of the Medium, the analysis of which, reduced be in duty bound to decide some question the whole objection down to the point of law against them. It is said that that Mr. Roche is not the man the Medium wanted; and after all Gov. Simpson's friends may be able to vindicate his apding; and if this be true, he will be pointment before the people, although there is such a powerful argument against it. By way of a clincher to the whole question the Medium adds:

The office of phosphate inspector should never have been created, it is a useless and expensive sinecure, but as it has been established it should be administered by some one fully in sympathy with the object and end of its creation.

When did the Medium discover that this office is a useless and expensive sinecure? If we mistake not, the Senior of our interesting contemporary voted for the passage of the act, and also for the appropriation to pay the salary. If his position is correct, we must reach the conclusion that the representative from Abbeville has been a long time in finding it out.

We regret to see our neighbor so much displeased at this appointment, but before the Governor's action is condemned we would be pleased to see a list of the other applicants, and also to know which of them was the Medium's choice. The answer to this request will throw light on the subject, and the people can judge as to the relative merits of the appli-

the same time has decreased the property of the United States by one-half. This is the beautiful thing which the Republican party has wrought, and they call it resumption?

A special dispatch to the New York World has the following interesting bit of news in relation to the Republican policy for South Carolina:

It does not appear that there is any definite intention on the part of the administration to make a change in the Federal office-holders in South Carolina. Several additional resumption of the Richmond and Alleghany Railroad.

Maj. F. K. Hager has been appointed general freight agent of the road, and THE GREENVILLE AND COLUMBIA

ington, each of whom feels that the greater burden of this vast country and spacious rooms. In view of their overworked condition, they have petio'clock, which they believe would reduce their present burdens within the limits of endurance. The only trouble which the considerate heads of the Departments encountered in granting this request, lies in the fact that an Act, which was probably passed by some barbarous and penurious Congress, fixes the hours of service from ten to four, with one hour for lunch. It was, therefore, deemed necessary, in order to justify the heads in reducing the time of service, that some legal cobwebs should be brushed away. and therefore the question was referred to the Attorney General for advice as to how the quibble of an Act of Congress can be disposed of. On behalf of the country the next Congress may arrive at the conclusion that the abolition of about one fifth of the clerkships might increase the endurance of the remainder, and teach them the virtue of contentment. The New York Herald, however, comes valiantly to the rescue of the ill-used and over-worked clerks, and condemns the herds of Departments for delaying the release of their suffering subordinates long enough to get an opinion from the Attorney General, and shows clearly how the business ought to have been arranged

in the following convincing paragraph: "The highest law officer of the Government must study the provisions of the statute, and search for some means by which they can be evaded with official propriety and without disturbing the red ape deportment of the civil service be fore the poor, suffering clerks, who now now labor five hours a day at reading the papers, picking their teeth and gossiping over current scandals, can be cut down to four hours. How much simpler and more practical it would have been to refer the subject to a janitor smart enough o understand his business and provided with a wand sufficiently long to reach the hands of the highly respectable department clocks!"

THE LATEST NEWS FROM MEMPHIS. The Citizens of Memphis Organizing for Protection.

MEMPHIS, July 25.

One new case was reported by the Board of Health to-day. Five deaths have occurred since last night—Wm. Ward, Mrs. Constance Ammon, John Richmond and A. C. Wehrum, and Wm.

Coopwood, colored.

A meeting of prominent citizens was held this morning, at which a sub-committee of four was appointed to name a permanent committee of safety, who will aid the city authorities to preserve the peace. Col. John F. Cameron has been appointed on the Governor's staff and ordered here to take charge of the local troops. He arrived this morning.

The authorities are still unable to pro-

cure means of transportation to the site selected for the establishment of a camp. It has been raining all the morning. The city remains quiet.

The following telegrams have been re-

ocived:

"Nashville, Tenn., July 25.—Col.
John F. Cameron, Memphis: Col. Cameron is hereby assigned to the command of the local troops at Memphis. He will

be obeyed and respected accordingly. Signed: Alfred S. Marks, Governor."
"Nashville July 25.—To the officers and Soldiers of the Colored Companies of Mamphis: The eyes of the people of the State the upon you. Prove true soldiers. I will ask the State to reward you. Remember that the first duty of coldiers s obedience. Signed: Alfred S. Marks,

Governor. MEMPHIS, July 25 .- 11 P. M .- Eleven MEMPHS, July 25.—11 P. M.—Eleven cases in all were reported to the board of health to-day, among the number being Ben Hollander, a well known saloon-keeper, whose daughter died yesterday. Ten deaths from yellow fever were also officially reported for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 P. M. Mrs. Judge Ray's name appears among the list, although she has never been reported as having fover.

having fever.

The two colored military companies have recognized Col. Cameron as the representative of the Governor and will obey any order issued by him. The last train on the Charleston Railroad will leave to-morrow night, every station be-tween Memphis and Knoxville having established quarantine against this city.
Only one train is now being run on the Louisville and Nashville route, leaving Memphis dairy at 8 P. M. The Howard Association have twenty-three nurses on

duty.

Dr. S. H. Collins, secretary of the Board of Health, resigned his position to-day to accept the position of inspecting officer of the National Board of Health.

Miss Linis Month, in secretary of the National Board of Health.

Miss Lizzie Meath is reported dying

Мемгнія, July 26-9 р. т.-Аt а meeting of citizens this morning a com-mittee of safety was appointed from whose members an executive committee was chosen. On motion it was resolved to take a census of the city as a basis on which to calculate the necessities of those

remaining.

A petition from citizens of Willbur n, on the Paducah Railroad, at which point it is proposed to erect a camp, protesting against the scheme, was read and referred to the executive com-

Lizzie Meath and Ed. Flotley. The weather is damp and disagrecable. The board of health will to-morrow doubtless

declare the fever epidemic.

MEMPHIS, July 26—11 p. in.—Thirteen cases in all were reported to the board of health to-day. There was one additional death this afternoon. It was thought that the board of health this afternoon would declare the fever to be epidemic, but, after a careful revision of the reports from all the undertakes. he reports from all the undertakers, the result showed that, out of 71 deaths re-ported for the week, but 34 had been caused by yellow fever. The city authorities have perfected all arrangements, and will establish a camp early next

The executive committee have issued

THE ADDRESS OF THE COMMITTEE OF SAFETY

To all Citizens of Memphis, Absent as well as Present: The undersigned beg leave to inform you that they have been appointed an executive committee from the general committee of safety to co-operate with the authorities of the taxing district in the maintenance of order and protecting life and property during the prevalence of yellow fever. Warned by past experience of the evils developed in all communities by public excitement and suffering, we are resolved to concert such measures as may meet all emergen-It does not appear that there is any definite intention on the part of the administration to make a change in the Federal office-holders in South Carolina. Several white Republicans from that State have been the during the past few days urging the President to make some changes. They say that nearly all the colored Republicans have been provided for, while the white Republicans of in-

The poor Department clerks at Wash- greatest good may be done to the greatest number with the least waste of means. We call upon all Memphiaus to unite in rests upon his broad shoulders, have been overcome by their excessive duties, which last from ten o'clock in the morning to four o'clock in the afternoon, with the short recess of only one hour, and the possible imputation by the world at large of being a community of beggars sitting idly down expecting others to take care of our interests and feed our duties of which consist of a small amount poor. Let the good men of Memphis do of clerical labor in comfortable chairs their whole duty now, and with economy, honesty and thorough system in management we hope carnestly not to be compelled to ask charity of the world. tioned for a release from duty at three Let it be understood that all moneys or supplies sent to us will be used for these purposes: feeding the sick, aged and helpless in camps selected for health, giving employment to able-bodied men, thrown out of employment by fever, in guarding property, public and private, and in such public works as will promote the health and business of our city when the fever abates. We shall keep careful records of all receipts and disbursements publishing the same in such form as will be a sufficient guarantee to all contribu tors that their donations have been prop

tors that their donations have been properly and economically applied.

D. T. PORTER, Chm'n.

MEMPHS, July 27—11 p. m.—Fourteen new cases were reported to the board of health to day. Nine deaths from fever have occurred since last night.

At a meeting of the Howard Association this afterward. tion this afternoon, it was unanimously resolved that the association needs no assistance at present from physicians or nurses from abroad to attend to the comparatively few cases now under their charge. The association says: "With heartfelt thanks to the many who have already kindly tendered their services, and who will be gratefully remembered, we would add that under no circumstances will the services of unacclimated persons be hereafter servented." be hereafter accepted."

The two colored military companie went into camp to-day on the Bluffs un-der the orders of Col. John F. Cameron, of the Governor's staff. The police an fire departments have been strengthen and the authorities do not now antici-pate any trouble. Camps for the colonization of the poor people will positively be established to-morrow.

BETTER NEWS FROM MEMPILIS. MEMPHIS, July 28.

Noon,-Three new cases were reported to the Board of Health this morning. No deaths have occurred. A detail of twenty-five men from a colored military company has been made to do police ducompany has been made to do police duty during the day, as the entire strength of the regular police force has been assigned to night service. It has been raining steadily since daylight. Dr. Samuel J. Fox, of Funis, Texas, arrived this morning. He will be sent out of the city to-night by order of John Johnson, supering data. superintendent of quarantine, as he has never had fever, and the inspectors at the quarantine station have been instructed not to permit unacclimated peo-

structed not to permit unacclimated people to enter the city.

MEMPHIS, July 28.—11 P. M.—Ten additional cases were reported to the Board of Health this afternoon, six of them colored. Two deaths from yellow fever have occurred, one, however, beyond the city limits. The special policemen engaged in taking the census of the city have completed their task. The result shows the population of Memphis to be 16,110, viz: White 4,282, colored 11,827; adults 10,651, children 5,456. Of the total number 9,748 have had fever. the total number 2,743 have had fever, leaving 7,368 susceptible to the disease.

Failing to secure transportation to the site selected for the establishment of a camp on the Paducah Railroad, Col John F. Cameron, with a detail of color-John F. Cameron, with a detail of color-ed soldiers, took passage on a train fur-nished by Superintendent Burke, of the Mississippi and Tennessee Railway, and established a camp five miles below where Camp Joe Williams was establish-ed last year. Tents were taken along, and by morning the detail will have fifty tents ready for occupation. A. D. Lanstaff, president, and Gen. W. J. Smith, vice-president, of the Howard Association, have been added to the ex-

ecutive committee of safety.
WASHINGTON, July 28.—The secreta of the board of health of Memphis, in response to an application for tents and rations, that rations will only be furnished to persons sick with fever or i rantine camp who can be subsisted in no other way.

Half Sheet Memphis Appeal.

When the camps now contemplated are established, we trust that the colored people, as well as white, will avail themselves of so seasonable a mode of life, and one that affords so ready a means of escape from the epidemic. To those who are not independent the camps will afford at the present time the only avail. escape from the epidemic. To those who are not independent the camps will afford at the present time the only available means of living. The people of the North and West, as well as of the South, have determined that they will neither contribute money nor provisions to those who, after receiving timely warning, perversely remain in the city. They have already expressed themselves in this matter through their leading organs. They will send money to the Howards, to be expended for the sick and dead, and they will send money to Dr. Porter, to be expended for the needy who are in camps; for whom, also, they will send provisions and clothing, if needed, but they will not send one cent, a pound of food or a single article of clothing for those who refuse to avail themselves of the only safe refuge yet open to them. We urge, therefore, when the camps are established, that blacks as well as whites remove to them blacks as well as whites remove to them and thus save themselves from sickness

and perhaps from death. Among the curious incidents of a panic in yellow fever times, the following is not the least: Last Sunday the outgoing train over the Louisville Railroad was crowded over the Louisville Railroad was crowded to excess by excited refugees. At the transfer station, some miles out of the city, the excitement among the passen-gers was intense to get seats, and, in fact, to get into the car being the great objects. So great was the excitement that a Memphis lady bound for Gadsden was taken with premature pairs of childwas taken with premature pains of child-bearing. Mr. Kertin, train dispatcher, kindly offered to secure a special car for kindly offered to secure a special car for her and supply her with all necessary comforts, or would send her back to the city. This latter she declined to do, the dread of yellow fever being greater than her fear of accident. So she refused to wait for a special car, and took chances in the crowded train, although Dr. Williford, who happened to be present young.

that the mail matter ought all to be sub-jected to a very high temperature, as was jected to a very high temperature, as was the case during the plague in Austria, Prussia and other European countries, but there is no appropriation for any such purpose, and the postal authorities do not appear disposed to attempt to disinfect the mails. The medical men say that there is no possible doubt that mail matter, particularly newspapers, coming from a yellow fever district, can spread the germs of the disease. The National Board of Health has also done nothing about the matter, and it is very difficult to see what it has done about anything, except to issue pronunciamentos and atexcept to issue pronunciameutos and at tempt to publish a newspaper.

SOUTH CAROLINA NEWS.

Gleanings from our State Exchanges.

Aiken Review: A fine two-story dwelling and a new store are in process of crection in Aiken.....The young folks about Aiken are organizing an archery club.....The trustees and lady managers of the Old Folks and Invalid Home at Aiken, held their annual meeting and elected officers on the 1st inst. The report shows at present 7 inmates, all colored. Died last year, 4; discharged, 3.
Abbeville Medoum: Adam Bratton, colored was sent to jail Saturday for twenty days, in default of payment of five dollars and cost, as a penalty imposed on him for a violation of the stock law.A number of the most influential ad-ocates of the Savannah Valley Railroad have concluded that while they will vote

for the tax they will do so on the express understanding that it will not be levied or collected for twelve months.....The Greenwood and Augusta Railroad direc-tors declare that the reports about the regrading of their road are without foundation, and that there is nothing in the way of the completion of the road but about sixteen miles of dirt, which will be dug out by next spring.....Tom Claybone, a colored desperado, was shot at Cokesbury on Tuesday by W. H. Gilkerson, intendant of the town, and so hadly injured experience. badly injured as to necessitate the ampu-tation of one of his legs.....Rev. J. L. Martin, Rev. R. N. Pratt and Mr. Jacob Miller have been re-elected trustees of the Abbeville School Association. The Graded School, conducted under the auspicies of this association, has become self-supporting. Chester State Bulletin: Last Friday or

the plantation of Mr. John C. McAfee, a colored woman named Lucinda Franklin. while walking along the public highway was forcibly taken to a secluded place and an outrage committed upon her person. She was threatened and choked by her assailant, who was a negro, and a perfect assaint, who was a negro, and a perfect stranger in the vicinity. He is supposed to be a refugee burglar from Fairfield, in which direction he fled. He is still at

which direction he fied. He is still at large
Greenville News: Saturday evening last Mr. Samuel Brown, of O'Neal Township, Greenville County, was thrown from his buggy against the fence (the mule running away) and so severely hurt that he died Sunday evening.....Arrangements have been made for a grand hasket night at the meeting of the Sunday laster highing at the meeting of the Sunday laster higher high sunday laster high basket picnic at the meeting of the Sur-vivors to be held in Greenville on August

Newberry Herald: Mr. Sidney Readin, of Charlotte, N. C., has the contract for building four two-story brick stores, to front an Pratt street and to extend from Mr. Cash's to Caldwell street.....The Fair grounds are almost clear, and the

fence around them has been begun. Spartanburg Herald: Gen. LeDuc, spartanuary Merald: Gen. LeDuc, commissioner of Agriculture, of the United States, is a guest of Congressman J. H. Evins.....There will be a meeting of the citizens of Spartanburg County on Tuesday, in the Court House, to appoint delegates to attend the King's Mountain meeting, the 25th inst., which will take oreliminary stops for the contennial celbration of 1880.....A negro named Mitts Wallace, while riding a mule, was kill-Wallace, while riding a mule, was kill-ed together with the mule, a few days ed together with the mule, a few days ago by lightning on the plantation of Mr. J. C. Peete, in Union County...... Mr. J. Gyles, deputy collector of United States revenue for this department, who had made Spartanburg his headquarters for the past year, has been ordered to Walhalla for duty.

Williamsburg Star: Dr. S. D. M. Byrd has been nominated for the Senate to fill

Williamsburg Star: Dr. S. D. M. Byrd has been nominated for the Senate to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Col. Maurice..... A tornado about a mile in width swept from west to east through Williamsburg County recently. A ginhouse, cotton press and a number of negro cabins were destroyed by it.

Barnwell People: Dianah Carter, charged with being an accessory in the

Barnwell People: Dianah Carter, charged with being an accessory in the killing of Charles Grant, was arrested and placed in jail on Tuesday.....Considerable sickness prevails throughout the county.....The colored people of Barnwell have organized a temperance society.

Darlington News: We hear much complaint of sickness in the county, principally fever.
Edgefield Advertiser: The election of

cancy caused by the death of Repretative Jones, will take place on August 5th.....Two convicts escaped from the barracks at Edgefield a few days since. Their names are Reuben Gregg and Henry Smith.....The Big Creek and Pine Grove Democratic Clubs have declared

against the stock law.

Rock Hill Herald: The residence of Mr. W. H. Taylor was destroyed by fire at an early hour on last Friday morning. Darlington Southerner: Last week, on Thursday, quite a storm of wind, hail and rain passed over the county, a few miles east and southeast of this place, doing much damage to the oldest corn and foncing.

much damage to the oldest corn and fencing. It was particularly severe through the Mechanicsville and Palmetto neighborhood.

Hampton Democrat: A negro by the name of Royal Black was arraigned before Trial Justice Pierre Robert, on Tuesday last, on the charge of an attempted outrage on the person of a little girl only nine years old, a few days since, in the lower part of this county. The evidence was sufficient to jail him, and he was accordingly taken in charge by Constable Joe Johnston, who brought him to Varnville and turned him over to the sheriff to await his trial at the next the sheriff to await his trial at the next

term of court.

Lancaster Ledger: Five prisoners in the county jail.....The dogs are playing have among the sheep a few miles east

Orangeburg Democrat: A laborer in the employ of Mr. John Richard killed a very large rattlesnake near Stilton last week. The reptile had seventeen rat-tles.....We learn that a son of Mr. Hess Andrews, who disappeared when the Yankee Army passed through Orangeburg in 1865 returned on Tuesday last in search of his father. As a stranger he stopped at the hotel and made inquiries which led to the happy meeting of father and son. and son.

her and supply her with all necessary comforts, or would send her back to the city. This latter she declined to do, the dread of yellow fever being greater than her fear of accident. So she refused to wait for a special car, and took chances in the crowded train, although Dr. Williford, who happened to be, present, volunteered to take charge of her and attend to her if necessary, provided she remained at the transfer station. The frightened woman reached Gadsden in safety and without accident.

Washington Special to the Phila, Times.

Some concern is felt at the fact that the postoffice authorities have declined to take any steps toward the fumigation of mails which come from the infected districts. The medical authorities insist that the mail matter ought all to be subjected to a very high temperature, as was the case during the plague in Austria.

Union Times: A difficulty occurred at Reevesville about two weeks ago between two brothers-in-law, Mr. Elkin and Mr. Berry, in which both were wounded with knives. Mr. Berry died last Friday of fever, whether from the effects of the encounter or not has not transpired.....Just as the Babtist Sunday-School Convention at Jamison's adjourned on Saturday a turrible explosion occurred, the noise of which could be heard for miles. It was found on examination to be the engine of Mr. R. H. Riley, about a mile from the depot. The pieces were scattered for a considerable distance around; the gin-house was badly dilapidated, but strange to say no one was killed. A colored man was severely scaled and bruised, and the engineer, Mr. John Richards, stunned.

Union Times: A difficulty occurred to the happy file at Reevesville about two weeks ago between two brothers-in-law, Mr. Elkin and Mr. Berry, in which both were wounded with knives. Mr. Berry died last Friday of fever, whether from the effects of the encounter or not has not transpired.....Just as the Babtist Sunday-School Convention at Jamison's adjourned on Saturday a turrible explosion occurred, the noise of which could be

Union Times: A gentleman who has lately travelled through a large portion of this county assures us that he saw hundreds of acres of land planted in corn which will not yield a bushel to the acre.
Columbia Register: Judge Bryan pass-

the canal to-morrow, if possible. It and make the necessary inquiries con-would have been turned on Friday night corning passengers on board, and turn some more work on some portion of it than was not anticipated.

our lot this week to record one of the most diabolical outrages that was ever perpetrated in this country. The circum-

tances are these:

Mr. A. B. Humphries and his wife. living four miles from town, near Sardis Church, on Wednesday evening left their infant daughter, aged about 2 years and 3 months, in the care of a negro boy, named Ed. Holmes, aged about 16 years, while they went to church. On their re-turn the mother discovered that the child was very bloody and her screams brought neighbors to the house. Dr. Beaty was immediately sent for, and upon examina-tion discovered that the little creature had been outraged in a most horrible manner. As the parents went into the house the negro boy passed them, going out, and at last report was at large; but we thin't be cannot long escape the vigilant search of the excited citizens who are after him. It is supposed to be impossible for the child to live. The simple recital of this most revolting out-rage makes the blood curdle in our veins. — Union Times.

From the Greenville News, 27th inst.

A deputy sheriff of Union passed through Greenville yesterday morning for Columbia, having in his custody a negro boy about 16 years old, who had outraged a little two-year-old daughter of a respectable gentleman in that county. The deputy was fleeing with the green-eyed monster to save him from the wrath of an enraged community, and from what we can gather, he made a parrow escape if he reached Columbia in safety. The villain's tender victim is said to be in a very critical condition, and cannot recover.

ROMANTIC MARRIAGE.-M. W.

Erwin, of Abbeville County, and Miss Davis, of Charleston, were married last January, but it was until a month ago that the fact became generally known. It seems that Mr. Erwin was in Charlesto during the Christmas holidays to see his sweetheart. They had been cogaged for some time before this visit and Mr. Erwin in sted on a marriage at once, but the lady objected to going to the country so soon. Mr. Erwin proposed a com-promise by marrying at once, with the understanding that she should come to his home in Abbeville as soon as possi-ble. A minister was called, and in the presence of the family of which she was presence of the family of which she was a member, the marriage ceremony was performed. The minister was requested to say nothing of the matter, Mr. Erwin returned to his home at Erwin's Mill in Abbeville County, and the young lady remained at her home in Charleston until same time. Honea Path, where she was met by her husband. Up to this time nobody in the neighborhood where Mr. Erwin lived knew anything of his marriage, and on her arrival all were surprised. We have had the pleasure of meeting the happy couple in their neat cottage, with its vine-clad porch, under the hill, where the city bride will henceforth live, within the the sound of the murmuring waters that turn the tireless wheels.—Abbeville Press and Recover.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—On Saturday, at about quarter past 12 o'clock p. m., a colored woman, a servant in the residence of Mr. T. O. Lowndes, 11 Legare street, was attracted to a room in the third story by a sound which she describes as resulting that of a heavy fell. Here sembling that of a heavy fall. Upon entering the apartment she found Mr. Martin L. Wilkins, a nephew of Mr. Lowndes, who resided with him, stretched on the floor, with a Colt's navy revolver by his side. Assistance was immediately summoned and obtained, but it was una-vailing, Mr. Wilkins having evidently died nost instantaneously. A gun-shot wou, was found on his left side near the region of the heart, the hell known the region of the heart, the ball having ranged upwards, touching the lung. The fatal shot had evidently been fired from the pistol near him, one chamber of which was found to have been discharged. Trial Justice Burnet held an inquest dur-ing the afternoon, the jury bringing in a verdict of death from the accidental disverdict of death from the accidental dis-charge of a pistol in the hands of the deceased. Mr. Wilkins was a very young man, just entering upon life, and had a large circle of warm friends by whom his natimely death will be sincerely mourned. His father and mother are absent but have been notified of the sad event .- News and Courier.

FATAL ACCIDENT AT GOUDEYSVILLE -A communication, under date of July 22d, to the Union Times, says: This com-22d, to the Union Times, says: This community was thrown into intense excitement yesterday from the killing Mr. John J. Wood, an upright, peaceable and worthy man, living on Mr. J. T. Moorehead's plantation. A party of five were in the woods squirrel hunting and had treed a squirrel. A colored man in the party, named Willis Wise, told the others to be quiet, as he saw the squirrel. He raised his gun to fire, when the squirrel ran down the tree, Willis lowering his gun as he ran, then fired. Mr. Wood was on the opposite side of the tree and his gun as he ran, then fired. Mr. Wood was on the opposite side of the tree and the whole load from the gun struck him behind the left ear and lodged over the right eye, mangling the whole head frightfully. He lived about two hours.

Trial Justice J. M. Greer empaneled a jury and held an inquest over the body. The verdict of the jury was in accordance with the facts above stated that he came with the facts above stated, that he came with the facts above stated, that he came to his death, by mischance or accident, from a gun shot wound in the hands of Willis Wise.

Willis was admitted to bail in the sum

of \$500 to appear at the next October Mr. Wood leaves a devoted wife and 4 little children besides many relatives to

mourn his loss.

COMPARATIVE FEVER STATEMENT.-How does the spread of the fever in Memphis this year compare with the epidemic of 1878? is a question often asked. Has it been more rapid or slower; more fatal or less so? The first death from yellow fever in Memphis last year oc-curred thirty-seven days later than this year—on August 16, when two persons died. The fever came this year early in July—the 10th —when there were three death. The record for the first sixteen days of the epidemics of 1878 and 1879 compare as follows:

FIRST WEEK OF THE FEVER. SECOND WEEK. 1878...... 1 0 1 1 3 1 6-Total, 13

THIRD WEEK,

......3 8-Grand total, 24 1879...... 6 10—Grand total, 45 It will thus be seen that the fever this year has advanced much more rapidly than it did in 1878. The deaths for the second week have been double those for the second week of that year, and the third week had commenced with an even higher average increase.

QUARANTINE GUARD,-To guard against the ingress of refugees from Memphis coming into the city, Mayor Sale, after consultation with Dr. Lebby, Columbia Register: Judge Bryan passed through Columbia Thursday morning on his way to hold the United States Court in Greenville, which commences the first Monday in August. Though seventy years old, he is always ready for business.....The negro who outraged the little white girl in Union County, a few days ago, and who it was thought would be lynched, was brought to Columbia yesterday and placed in the penitentiary for safe-keeping.....The penitentiary authorities expect to turn the water into the canal to-morrow, if possible. It

to state, on the best authority, that the report relative to the financial troubles f Mr. Williams, which this and other Southern papers have copied from North-ern Journals, are untrue, in so far as they reflect on his business integrity and sol-

rency.
The relations existing between Messrs. Williams and Birnie are of a friendly nature. No suit has been entered or threat tened by Mr. Birnie against Mr. Williams. Nor has Mr. Williams offered to compromise his debts, but is prepared to pay all legal obligations dollar for dollar, and even if made to pay the liabilities incurred in the cotton future specular. incurred in the cotton future specula-tions of the New York partner, he will then have a comfortable million left to his credit. There are several facts within our knowledge which we are not at liberty to publish, but which, if generally known, would confirm and increase public confidence in its exalted estimate of Mr. Williams' character. As the or Mr. Williams anaracter. As the "successful merchant" of the South, we hope that a long and prosperous future is before him, for his generous charity and enterprise have made him a benefactor not only to Charleston, but to the Sixte at large. Records

State at large. - Barnwell People.

A SUMTER MURDERER CAPTURED. A SCMTER MURDERER CAPTURED.—
A letter from Hendersonville, to the Columbia Register, says that Rodgers, who shot and killed McCutchen in Sumter some time ago, was arrested in Brevard, Transylvania County, N. C., on the 24th instant. Rodgers assumed the name of Stokes, and had completely covered his proper name, but a long season of success lessened his vigilance, and a letter written him by a relation in Sumter, advising a change of base, fell into the hands of some companions, who proposed to read a change of base, fell into the natus of some companions, who proposed to read it and "see what his sweetheart had to say." These gentlemen were startled at the contents, and at once acquainted the proper officer, who, upon interrogating the prisoner and satisfying himself that there was something wrong, made the arrest. Mr. Rodgers confessed everything, and expressed a perfect willingness to return and stand his trial. He

Ex-Congressman Haralson, of Alabama, himself a negro, furnishes some interesting evidence about the negro exodus. He says that the movement is going to set in this fall with a sweep that district, he thinks as many as fifteen thousand will go, which would be at the rate of a hundred thousand for the whole State. He reports the darkies simply infatuated with the idea, and says it is as useless to argue with them about it as to debate with the east wind. Mr. Haralson proposes not to be much of an exor-dus man himself, but if his race are bound to emigrate, he opposes any more of them going to Kansas, and favors their scatter-ing through the southern parts of Illiiois, Indiana, and Ohio.

— Martiu Depoor and wife, living six miles from Atlanta, both nearly 80 years of age, were brutally murdered on the night of the 25th inst. while in bed asleep. Both were cut in the neck with an axe, the body of Mrs. Depoor being nearly severed. The murderers are not known nor their object in committing the deed. Different theories are expressed. The Depoors were quiet, peaceable people not having an enemy as far as their neighbors knew. The community is ex-cited and every effort is being made to

imes less lamentable than a failure in health. Dr. Bull's Baltimore Pills preserve the health. Price 25 cents.

All persons begins. All persons having demands against the Estate of B. F. Low, deceared, are noti-fied to present them to the andersigned within the time prescribed, properly attest-ed; and all indebted to said Estate to make

R. B. A. ROBINSON, J. C. LOW, 31, 1879 3*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the Estate of Daniel Brown, deceased, or the Estate of Mrs. E. St.C. Brown, deceased, are required to make payment to the undersigned, and e having demands against either Estate

will present the same to

W. H. NARDIN,
Ex'r. of Will of Mrs. E. StC. Brown,
July 31, 1879

WOOL CARDS.

THE Andersonville WOOL CARDS have recently been put in excellent condition, and good work is guaranteed. All work left with Messrs. Cunningham & Co., at Anderson, will be sent to and returned from the Factory FREE OF CHARGE. July 31, 1879 3 2

SHINGLES! SHINGLES! JUST RECEIVED, 25,000 GOOD HEART SHINGLES, which I am selling at \$3.50 per thousand at the
Blue Ridge Yard. Parties wishing to purcl e would do well to call and examine.
JOHN KAUFMAN,
Anderson, S. C.
July 31, 1879 3 3

Special Inducement.

N order to reduce our stock by Augus 20th, we will make it to the interest of purchasers to call within the next three weeks. Our stock is still complete and at tractive. New Goods constantly arriving A. B. TOWERS & CO. July 31, 1879

TAKE NOTICE.

ALL NOTES AND ACCOUNTS due
N. K. & J. P. SULLEVAN
and N. K. SULLEVAN & CO., must
be settled on or before 1st November next;
or if not paid by this time, we shall certainly place them in the hands of an Officer for
collection. We mean just what we say.
All settlements can be made with either of
the undersigned. The Accounts and Notes
will be found at the Store of J. P. Sullivan
& Co. till November 1st.
N. K. SULLIVAN.

July 31, 1879 18t. N. K. SULLIVAN. J. P. SULLIVAN. 4m

Town Election Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that an Election will be held on MONDAY, the 11th day of AUGUST, 1879, from nine o'clock a. m. to five o'clock p. m., for the purpose of electing a Town Council, (Intendant and four Wardens,) for the ensuing

year.

MANAGERS OF ELECTION—W. A. Fant,
A. H. Osborne and J. D. Maxwell.

The books for Registration of voters will
be opened by the Clerk of the Council at
the Probate Judge's office on the 7th, 8th,
and 9th days of August, 1879, from 9 o'clock
a. m. to 6 o'clock p. m.

Thos. C. Ligon, Town Clerk.

All persons having demands against the Council will present them immediately to the Clerk. THOS. C. LIGON,

Town Clerk. July 31, 1879 Sugars and Coffees

AVE advanced, but we are still offering our friends good Goods in the grocery line at low prices.

A. B. TOWERS & CO.

July 11, 1879 Prepare for Winter BEFORE it comes by getting your CAR-PETS ready. Prices greatly reduced, and the EXHIBITOR as attractive as ever.

A. B. TOWERS & CO. July 31, 1879 BURNHAM'S WATERWHEE WARRANTED BEST & CHEAPEST. Also, MILLING MACHINERY. PRICES REDUCED APR. 20, '78. Another Lot

OF FEED CUTTERS, CORN SHELL, ERS, &c., just received. If you don't believe they are good get one and try it.

A. B. TOWERS & CO. July 31, 1879

EXECUTOR'S SALE

REAL ESTATE. ON the FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER next, I will sell on the premises all the LANDS belonging to the Estate of Willis Allen, deceased, consisting of 364 acres, more or less. On this place is one of the best Shoals (unimproved) known on Saluda River, which will be sold in a sepa-

Saluda River, which will be sold in a separate tract at private sale.

Terms of Sale.—One-third cash, and balance on a credit of one and two years.

Parties desiring to see the place will find J. D. Allen on the premises, who will show them over the place. There are on the place four well improved sottlements.

I will also sell at the same time and place one fine cream-colored MULE for cash.

J. D. ALLEN, Executor.

July 24, 1879 2 2j1850

Valuable Property for Sale.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, COUNTY OF ANDERSON.

Court of Common Pleas Jonathan B. Lewis vs. A. Reed Campbell J. B. E. Sloan, et al.—Complaint to Fore-close Mortgage.

DY virtue of an order to me directed in the above stated case from Judge A. P. Aldrich, presiding Judge, bearing date June 13, 1879. I will sell at Anderson C. H., S. C., on SALEDAY in AUGUST next, at public auction, the following described property, to wit:

All that Parcel or Lot of Land situate in the Town of Belton, County of Anderson, containing 43 feet front and 63 feet in depth, bounded on the North and East by lands of J. B. Lewis and A. J. Stringer, on the South by lands of the Greenville and Columbia Rallroad Company.

TERMS OF SALE—One-half the purchase money to be paid in cash; the balance on a credit of twelve months, with bond and two good sureties and mortgage of the premises, with interest from day of sale, with the right of the purchaser to anticipate the deferred payment. Purchaser to pay extra for papers.

o pay extra for papers.
W. W. HUMPHREYS. July 10, 1879 52

Valuable Property for Sale. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

ANDERSON COUNTY In the Court of Common Pleas.

In the Court of Common Pleas,

J. W. Norris against Mary J. Harrison.—

Judgment for Forcelosure.

Py virtue of an order to me directed in
the above stated case by his Honor
T. B. Fraser, presiding Judge, bearing date
March 1st, 1879, I will sell at public sale at
Anderson C. H., S. C., on SALEDAY IN
AUGUST next, the following described
property, to wit:

All that certain Piece, Parcel or Lot of
Land, and the Buildings thereon, situate
within the corporate limits of the Town of
Anderson, known as the Pool Spring Place,
containing twenty acres, more or less, and
adjoining lands of B. Frank Mauldin,
J. Flect. Clinkscales, Joseph N. Brown and
others, and known as the late residence of
Gen. J. W. Harrison,

TERMS OF SALE—One-half of the

TERMS OF SALE-One-half of th TERMS OF SALE—One-half of the purchase money to be paid in cash; the balance on a credit of twelve months, with interest from day of sale, to be secured by bond of purchaser and mortgage of the premises. Purchaser to pay extra for papers

W. W. HUMPHREYS, July 10, 1879 52

ELECTION NOTICE

ELECTION NOTICE.

PURSUANT to a resolution adopted by the Town Council of the Town of Anderson, S. C., at a meeting held on 22nd July inst., at 3 o'clock p. m., the amount of the subscription to the Savannah Valley Railroad was fixed for the Town of Anderson in the sum of Tweive Thousand Dollars (\$12,000), to be paid in three equal annual instalments, without interest.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held at Anderson, on WEDNESDAY, THIRD DAY OF SEPTEMBER next, between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4 p. m., at which all qualified electors of said Town will vote—those in favor of the Town subscribing the above amount to said Railroad will have written or printed on their ballots "Subscription," and those opposed to the Town subscribing the above amount to said Railroad will have written or printed on their ballots "No Subscription."

The following are the managers appointed to conduct said election: L. P. Smith, J. D. Maxwell and J. M. Payne.

At the close of the election the managers shall proceed to count the votes, and the chairman of the Board shall certify to the result in writing, and as soon as practicable transmit it to the Intendant of the Town.

G. F. TOLLY, Intendant.

Thos. C. Ligon, Town Clerk.

July 24, 1879 2 5

July 24, 1879

ELECTION NOTICE.

In the matter of the SAVANNAH VAL-LEY RAILROAD.—Petition for an Elec-tion on Subscription to the Capital Stock of said Ruitroad Company.

DURSUANT to a resolution adopted by the Loard of County Commissioners the 22nd July inst., the anount of subscrip-tion to the said Road was fixed in the fol-lowing named Townships, to wit: Hall, \$3,500; Varennes, \$5,500; Corner, \$3,700; Sayannah, \$3,850; Centreville, \$5,100, to be paid in three equal annual instalments, with-out interest.

paid in three equal annual instalments, without interest.

There will be an election held in the
above named Townships on WEDNES—
DAY, THIRD OF SEPTEMBER next,
between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 4
p. m., at which all qualified electors in said
Townships will vote "Subscription" or "No
Subscription."

Townships will vote "Subscription" or "No Subscription."

Places of Election—For Hall Township, Carswell Institute; Corner, Moffatsville; Varennes, Flat Rock; Savannah, Wm. Jones'; Centreville, Hunter's Spring. The following are appointed managers to conduct said election:

Hall Township—R. R. Beaty, J. B. Levertt, Dr. W. J. Milford.

Corner Township D. L. Sharad.

erett, Dr. W. J. Milford.
Corner Township—D. J. Sherard, J. A. Gray, Wm. O'Briant.
Savannah Township—Wm. Jones, E. W. Stewart, A. E. Scudday.
Varennes Township—W. G. Watson, S. P. Tate, W. J. Stevenson.
Centreville Township—J. W. Prevost, J. W. Keys, Marcus Burriss.
At the close of the polls the managers will count the votes and declare the result, which result shall be certified in writing by the chairman of each Board of Managers to the Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners.

R. S. BAILEY, Chairman County Commissioners, July 24, 1879 2 5

TAX-PAYERS' NOTICE. THE County Board of Equalization for Anderson County, composed of one member from each Township, will meet at the Auditor's office on the First Monday in August next.

August next.

Any persons who may be dissatisfied with the Assessment of their Read Property by their Township Boards of Assessors, for the year 1870, can appeal to the said Board of Equalization for relief.

THOMAS J. WEBB. A. A. C.
July 24, 1879

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THE FALL SESSION OF Williamston Female College. Williamston, S. C., WILL open on MONDAY, AUGUST 4, 1879. If you are looking for a School as good as the best, with rates as low as the lowest, send for a new illustrated

July 10, 1879 52 3m WANTED.

Catalogue.

A LADY, who desires a situation as a Housekeeper, and understands the management and care of children. Address W. W. RUSSELL, Pendleton Factory, S. C. July 24, 1879

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

All persons having demands against the Estate of John Cox, deceased, are hereby required to present the same within the time prescribed by law, else their claims

will be barred.

J. WILLET PREVOST,
JOHN W. DANIELS,
July 24, 1879

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